## Claims:

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1. An siRNA molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence consisting essentially of a sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 (human BACE1 coding region).

- 2. The siRNA of claim 1, wherein the nucleotide sequence consists of about 20 to 25 nucleotides.
  - The siRNA of claim 1, wherein the nucleotide sequence comprises SEQ ID NO: 3,
    8, 13 or 16.
  - 4. The siRNA of claim 1, wherein the nucleotide sequence consists essentially of SEQ ID NO: 3, 8, 13 or 16.
- The siRNA of claim 4, wherein the nucleotide sequence consists of SEQ ID NO: 3,8, 13 or 16.
  - 6. An isolated nucleic acid encoding the sense strand, the antisense strand of both the sense and antisense strands of the siRNA molecule of claim 1.
  - 7. An expression vector comprising the nucleic acid of claim 6.
- 15 8. A cell comprising the nucleic acid of claim 6.
  - 9. A composition comprising at least two siRNAs of claim 1.
  - 10. A composition comprising at least two nucleic acids of claim 6.
  - 11. A method for reducing the level of BACE1 protein in a cell, comprising administering into the cell an siRNA molecule of claim 1.
- 20 12. A method for reducing the level of BACEI protein in a cell, comprising administering into the cell a nucleic acid of claim 6.
  - 13. The method of claim 11 or 12, comprising contacting the cell with the siRNA molecule.
- The method of claim 11 or 12, wherein the cell comprises amyloid precursor protein
  (APP) and the method reduces the level of β amyloid (Aβ) peptide in the cell relative to a cell to which an siRNA or nucleic acid was not administered.
  - 15. A method for preparing a pharmaceutical composition comprising combining an siRNA of claim 1 with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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16. A method for treating or preventing Alzheimer's disease in a subject, comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of an siRNA of claim 1, to thereby treat or prevent Alzheimer's disease.

- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the administration of the siRNA reduces the level of  $A\beta$  peptides.
  - 18. The method of claim 16, comprising administering the siRNA into senile plaques.
  - 19. A method for protecting a cell against stress, comprising contacting the cell with or administering into the cell an siRNA molecule of claim 1, to thereby protect the cell from stress.
- 10 20. The method of claim 19, wherein stress is oxidative stress.

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